UD 030 133 ED 375 230

Compensatory Education (CE) Product Evaluation: TITLE

Elementary and Secondary Programs 1993-94.

Saginaw Public Schools, Mich. Dept. of Evaluation INSTITUTION

Services.

PUB DATE Aug 94

NOTE 58p.; Appendices C and D contain filled-in type.

Statistical Data (110) -- Reports -PUB TYPE

Evaluative/Feasibility (142)

MF01/PC03 Plus Postage. EDRS PRICE

*Academic Achievement; Achievement Gains; DESCRIPTORS

*Compensatory Education; Disadvantaged Youth;

Educationally Disadvantaged; *Elementary Secondary

Education; Federal Aid; Junior High Schools; Mathematics; Program Evaluation; Reading;

Supplementary Education; Tables (Data); *Urban

Education Consolidation Improvement Act Chapter 1; **IDENTIFIERS**

Saginaw City School System MI; Thinking Skills

Program

ABSTRACT

The school district in Saginaw (Michigan) operates a supplemental-education delivery system in reading and mathematics that consists of elementary and secondary compensatory education. The elementary program is both a push-in and pull-out program that serves 1,819 students in grades one through five. The secondary program is a self-contained classroom program involving approximately 621 students in grades 6 through 8. Both are funded through Federal Chapter 1 funds. In 1993-94, approximately 2,440 students participated. In addition to the overall evaluation of achievement, this product evaluation focused on the Thinking Skills program (TSP) in grades 6 through 8. Two questionnaires, a structured interview, and a classroom-observation instrument were used to gather information relative to the TSP program. The California Achievement Test served as the overall evaluation instrument. Pre- and posttest results indicate that the greatest achievement gains occurred in grade 3 for reading and grade 2 for mathematics. Teachers had difficulty implementing TSP objectives, and participating TSP students still show low achievement, especially in reading. Recommendations are presented for program improvement. Five text tables plus 6 data tables in Appendix A and 12 in Appendix B present study findings. Appendix C contains a study checklist, Appendix D is a program description, and Appendix E is the 1993-94 Chapter 1/Article 3 buildings to submit reading and/or mathematics plans of improvement. (Contains 1 references.) (SLD)



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EVALUATION REPORT

COMPENSATORY EDUCATION (CE) PRODUCT EVALUATION:

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY PROGRAMS

1993-94

DEPARTMENT OF EVALUATION SERVICES

- PROVIDING ASSESSMENT, PROGRAM EVALUATION AND RESEARCH SERVICES -

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Saginaw, Michigan

COMPENSATORY EDUCATION (CE) PRODUCT EVALUATION:

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY PROGRAMS

1993--94

An Approved Report of the DEPARTMENT OF EVALUATION, TESTING AND RESEARCH

Manager, Program Evaluation

Barry E. Dimper, Director Evaluation, Testing & Research

Dr. Foster B. Gibbs, Superintendent School District of the City of Saginaw

August, 1994



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Program Description

The School District of the City of Saginaw operates a supplemental educational delivery system in reading and mathematics consisting of two programs — elementary and secondary Compensatory Education (CE). The elementary CE is both a push—in program (that operates in the regular classroom) and a pull—out program (periodically taking students out of regular classrooms) that serves 1,819 students in grades one through five. The secondary CE is a self—contained classroom program which involved approximately 621 students in grades six through eight. The CE programs are funded by both the Federal Education Consolidation and Improvement Act (ECIA) Chapter 1 and Article 3 of the State School Aid Act.

Summarized in Table 1 below are demographic characteristics that describe both the elementary and secondary levels on CE in greater detail.



Table 1

Demographic Characteristics of the Compensatory Education (CE) Programs

	Instructional Services	- Reading - Mathematics	- Thinking Skills
	Program Setting	Push-in and Pull-out	Self-Contained Classroom
eristics	Number of School Sites	23	4
Demographic Characteristics	Number of Full—Time Equivalent Classroom Aides	23.0	4.0
Demogra	Number of Full-Time Equivalent Teachers	38.0	7.2
	Approximate Number of Students Served ^a	1,819	621
	Grade Levels Served	1-5	8-9
	Program	Acalemic Achieve- ment, Elementary	Academic Achieve- ment, Secondary

Note. N = 2,440 students.

^aThe Thinking Skills Program (TSP) operated in grades 6-8 as the realing and/or mathematics compensatory education program.

As can be seen from Table 1 above, the primary purpose of the programs is to improve the reading and mathematics achievement of a designated number of educationally disadvantaged children. The children in the program are screened for entry with the <u>California Achievement Tests</u> — Fifth Edition (CAT-5). This year approximately 2,440 pupils are participating in the compensatory education programs (see Appendix A for counts of pupils by building and grade).

This year there were six other program components in addition to the basic CE programs that were added to the overall program. These components included the following: Home-School Aides; Staff Development; Pupil Service Team; Elementary After-School/ Extended Day Program; Secondary After-School Tutoring grades 7 and 8; and Project Success. A description of each of these six components can be found in Appendix D.

The broad goals of these programs were to: 1) provide intensive academic instruction to the educationally disadvantaged, 2) involve parents in the program, 3) supply students with incentives for academic achievement, 4) operate staff inservice programs, 5) measure academic growth, and 6) prepare students to effectively meet the academic competition of the general classroom. These goals were the focus of the Compensatory Education Department's activities throughout the 1993-94 school year.

The focus of this product evaluation is upon the Thinking Skills Program (TSP) in grades 6-8. Table 2 below presents the gains and losses of the program over the past three years.

¹The Thinking Skills Program (TSP) is designed to increase thinking skills of sixth through eighth graders in such a way that basic skills (reading and mathematics) and social confidence also increases substantially. See Appendix C for a checklist for middle school principals interested.



Procedures for Evaluation

Both process and product evaluations were undertaken for the compensatory education delivery system. This year's product evaluation efforts focused on secondary CE program in grades 6-8. The program is in its fourth year of implementation and termed locally the Thinking Skills Program (TSP) or nationally the Higher Order Thinking Skills (HOTS) program (see Appendix C for a checklist for middle school principals interested in HOTS for a further indepth operational description). Two questionnaires, a structured interview guide and a classroom observation instrument were used to gather information relative to the TSP program. All TSP teachers and their students were to be surveyed and each principal/assistant principal for instruction at the four middle schools were interviewed plus each compensatory education classroom teacher involved with the program was also observed. The results of these process activities were presented in a separate report published and disseminated earlier in the year.

The product evaluation, which is the focus of this report, addresses the results of student test performance. The <u>California Achievement Tests</u> (CAT-5 Form A) for grades 1-12 served as the evaluation instruments. These tests were administered in the Spring, 1993 (pre-test) and in Spring, 1994 (post-test).

Mean pre- to post-test score comparisons were used to evaluate the effectiveness of the delivery system. The agreed upon standard was an



4

improvement greater than three normal curve equivalent (NCE) points from preto post-testing.² The reading (both basic and advanced skills) and then the mathematics (both basic and advanced skills) results for the entire CE delivery system will be presented.³

²A NCE is very similar to a percentile rank (ranging from 1 to 99 with a mean of 50) with the additional advantage of being based on an equal interval scale. Federal and State educational officials are increasing by requiring that outcome standards for compensatory education students be expressed in NCE units. The 1991-92 School Aid Act set the standards for student and school average gains to exceed two NCE units for 1991-92 and to exceed three NCE units for 1992-93 and subsequent school years.

³The use of advanced skills as a means to evaluate the progress of CE students represents a <u>major change</u> from past evaluation requirements which only required basic skills in reading and mathematics to be evaluated. The administrative rules that required the measurement of advanced skills also required "plans of improvement" from Chapter 1 buildings experiencing an average gain of three NCEs or less in one or more skill/subject areas served.

Presentation and Analysis of Data

The primary goal of compensatory education was to increase reading and mathematics achievement in both basic and advanced skill areas. The data presented in this section will indicate the extent to which this goal was achieved. Reading and then mathematics data by grade are presented below. Where relatively few students were tested at any grade level and for a building, the results should be viewed with caution.

The achievement results by school for the entire program and each funding source separately are presented in Appendix B.

Product Data: Reading Basic Skills

The pre- and post-test results for total reading are presented in Table 2.

Table 2

Attainment of the Performance Standard for Total Reading

	valents	turve Equi	Normal (
Performance Standard Attained	Mean Gain	Post Mean	Pre Mean	# of Students Pre— to Post— Tested	Comparisons by Grade	
.No	-0.7	27.2	27.9	215	2	
Yes	3.2	28.4	25.2	238	3	
				0	4	
***				0	5	
No	0.1	25.0	24.9	142	6	
No	0.5	29.3	28.3	145	7	
No	-0.6	29.9	30.5	114	8	

Note. N = 854.



^aPost-test NCE scores will evidence an improvement of more than three NCE points over pre-test scores.

A study of the reading results shows that students met the performance standard at third grade with a gain of 3.2 NCE points between pre- and post-testings. At the second grade level, the score indicated the largest average loss of -0.7 NCE points. See Appendix B for the test results by building and funding source.

Product Data: Reading Advanced Skills

The pre- and post-test results for reading comprehension are presented in Table 3.

Table 3

Attainment of the Performance Standard for Reading Comprehension

		Normal (
Comparisons by Grade	# of Students Pre— to Post— Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain	Performance Standard ^a Attained
2	215	29.4	28.4	-1.0	·VO
3	238	26.3	31.0	4.7	Yos
4	0			~	
5	0				-49 -48
6	142	28.8	27.3	-1.5	No
7	145	34.9	32.9		No
8	114	36.3	31.6	-4.7	No.

Note. N = 857.

A review of the advanced skills in reading results show that students attained the performance standard at second grade with a gain of 4.7 NCE points. At the eighth grade level the scores revealed the largest loss of -4.7 NCE points between pre- and post-testings. See Appendix B for the test results by building and funding source.



^aPost-test NCE scores will evidence an improvement of more than three NCE points over pre-test scores.

Overall in the area of reading the standard that post-test NCE scores will exceed three NCE units was attained in only 2 of 10 (20.0%) grade levels for both basic reading skills and advanced reading skills respectively. The administrative rules that required the monitoring of progress in both basic and advanced skills also required "plans of improvement" from buildings experiencing aggregate gains of three NCE units or less in one or more skill areas served. See Appendix E for a listing of buildings that may need to develop a plan of improvement.

Product Data: Mathematics Basic Skills

Table 4 below presents the attainment of the performance standard for spring to spring data in grades 2-8 in total mathematics.

Table 4

Attainment of the Performance Standard for Total Mathamatics

		Normal (
Comparisons by Grade	# of Students Pre— to Post— Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain	Performance Standard ^a Attained
2	328	23.5	32.1	8.6	Yes
3	234	27.4	32.0	4.6	Yes
4	116	22.2	26.1	3.9	Yes
5	158 ·	26.9	28.3	1.4	No
6	108	27.2	28.4	1.2	No
7	80	26.8	26.4	-0.4	No
8	61	28.4	28.1	-0.3	ЙO

Note. N = 1,085.

A review of total mathematics results reveals that students met the performance standard in second, third, and fourth grades. The gain at the



^aPost-test NCE scores will evidence an improvement of more than three NCE points over pre-test scores.

second grade level, indicated the largest NCE improvement (8.6 points) between pre- and post-testings. At the seventh grade, the smallest acceptable positive NCE gain (-0.4 points) was observed. See Appendix B for the test results by building and funding source.

Product Data: Mathematics Advanced Skills

Table 5 below presents the attainment standard for students in grades 2-8 in mathematics concepts and applications.

Table 5

Attainment of the Performance Standard for Mathematics Concepts and Applications

		Normal (Normal Curve Equivalents				
Comparisons by Grade	# of Stulents Pre- to Post- Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain	Performance Standard ^a Attained		
2	328	30.9	32.9	2.0	No		
3	234	32.0	30.6	-1.4	No.		
4	116	25.8	27.8	2.0	No		
.5	158	30.2	29.6	0.6	No		
6	108	32.0	29.3	-2.7	No		
7	80	29.3	26.6	-2.7	No		
8	61	28.3	29.5	1.2	No		

Note. N = 1,085.

A study of the advanced mathematics skills results show that no grade level group of students attained the performance standard. At grade two and four, the largest positive gains (2.0 NCE points) were observed. At sixth and seventh grade levels the largest negative NCE gains (-2.7) can be observed. See Appendix B for the test results by building and funding source.



^aPost-test NCE scores will evidence an improvement of more than three NCE points over pre-test scores.

Overall in the area of mathematics the standard that post-test NCE scores will exceed three NCE units was attained in 3 of 7 (42.8%) and 0 of 7 (0.0%) grade levels for basic and advanced mathematics skills respectively. The administrative rules that required the monitoring of progress in both basic and advanced skills also required "plans of improvement" from buildings experiencing aggregate gains of three NCE units or less in one or more skill areas served. See Appendix E for a listing of buildings that may need to levelop a plan of improvement.

Summary and Conclusions

The Chapter 1 and Article 3 Compensatory Education (CE) programs were designed to provide direct instructional services in reading and mathematics to some 2,440 students in grades one through eight. The main intent of the CE programs were to improve the pupil's reading and/or mathematics achievement. Instruction occurred primarily in small group settings outside of the regular classroom (pull-out) or push-in (that operated in the regular classroom in grades one and two) for CE at the elementary level, and in a regular classroom setting with a reduced number of students for CE at the secondary level.

The results of the pre- to post-testing of compensatory education students by grade indicate the overall greatest gains and attainment of the performance standards in reading were made at the third grade level. Mathematics gains were the greatest at grade two and the attainment of the performance occurred in grade 2 for total mathematics.

The 1993-94 compensatory elucation delivery system showed three increases from the previous years in terms of the percentage of grade levels meeting the standard. The chart below summarizes these changes.

Percent Attaining Standard

Area	1992-93	<u>1993–94</u>	Change Status
Basic Reading	9.1%	20.0%	Increase
Advanced Reading	9.1%	20.0%	Increase
Basic Mathematics	27.3%	42.8%	Increase
Advancel Mathematics	0.0%	0.0%	Unchanged

The increases shown in reading have probably come about by the use of the reading recovery program at grade one and the use of literacy groups in grades two and three. Likewise programatic changes have been started in mathematics.



These new programs hopefully will, with time and proper revisions, allow us to make gains of more than three NCEs for all students in each subtest area. This process of program improvement deserves our attention such that gains in student achievement will become a reality.

The new evaluation rules that required focusing the evaluation of both Chapter 1 on basic and advanced skills also required "plans of improvement" from buildings experiencing three NCE units or less in one or more skill/subject areas across all grades served. See Appendix E for a listing of buildings that may be required to submit a plan.

A series of recommendations follow that are offered in an effort to stimulate further program refinements/improvements.

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Recommendations

The recommendations that follow are based on this year's process and product evaluations and are intended to help bring about Chapter 1/Article 3 program improvements in the following school year.

The ideas and techniques offered below stem from a perceived problem(s) and are just one of many ways to improve the performance of the program. As solutions are sought for optimum program operations, a dialogue/discussion should be undertaken to determine the best and most workable way to solve the perceived problem(s). The staff and evaluator should be brought into these discussions so that all involved feel part of the proposed new operation of the program.

- Reduce variations in the program between building sites by having the director and compensatory education staff analyze the building results presented in Appendix B. This analysis process should also involve building leaders and school improvement teams. Hopefully, a plan can be formulated to reduce (or control) these variations in program impact.
- Program leadership should determine why approximately 25% of the teachers had difficulty implementing TSP methods and potential remedies to make future full implementation easier.
- Participating TSP students still show low achievement levels especially in the area of reading. To allow the TSP program to better show achievement in reading, implementing optional program elements by TSP staff such as writing and answering eight questions at the end of each unit, etc. may be necessary.
- There should be a priority given to building in monies for the purchase of additional TSP computers/printers and related supplies in next year's budget or getting approval to purchase these computers/printers etc. with carry-over funds this school year.



- To help promote better understanding and communication with regular education teachers and principals, these staff members need to be allowed to practice TSP methods (meta-cognition, decision-making, and problem-solving) within their own classrooms. An inservice session relative to these methods/techniques needs to be scheduled for all middle school staff members.
- Steps that are now being planned to help increase the chances of all eligible students be scheduled into a TSP middle school classroom need to be carried out. These steps include the following: earlier production of updated participant listing, earlier completion of testing, and more prompt reporting of results to middle schools, etc.

APPENDICES



Table A-1 Count of Program Participants* for the Compensatory Education Program, 1993-94

Building	K	1	2	3	4	5	Total	
E. Baillie	0	30	19	19	5	11	84	
Coulter	0	2	22	9	1	6	40	
Emerson	0	28	27	24	9	18	106	
Fuerbringer	0	9	22	18	3	8	60	
N. Haley	0	10	22	2	0	0	34	
Handley	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Heavenrich	0	15	22	29	12	16	94	
Herig	. 0	12	26	12	9	10	69	
Houghton	0	23	11	16	2	4	56	
Jerome	0	9	16	7	3	3	38	
Jones	0	30	12	12	0	0	54	
Kempton	0	6	18	12	4	3	43	
Longfellow	0	29	26	47	15	9	126	
Longstreet	0	24	22	14	15	9	84	
J. Loomis	0	44	51	25	13	10	143	
M. Park	0	15	22	22	7	20	86	
C. Miller	0	5	16	5	0	0	26	
J. Moore	0	14	20	18	2	8	62	
Morley	0	10	17	20	4	19	70	
J. Rouse	0	8	16	14	5	10	53	
Salina	0	14	16	19	5	1	55	
Stone	0	18	17	24	14	11	84	
Webber Elem.	0	41	40	44	6	14	145	
Zilwaukee	0	1	1	4	0	1	7	
TOTAL	0	397	481	416	134	191	1,619	
								-

^{*}Count as of January 13, 1994 computer run that included all participants.



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APPENDIX A

Table A-2

Count of Program Participants* for the Compensatory Education Program, 1993-94

Building	6	7	8	Total
Central Middle	73	63	53	189
North Middle	39	36	23	98
South Middle	41	43	59	143
Webber Middle	60	74	57	191
TOTAL	213	216	192	621

^{*}Count as of January 13, 1994 computer run that included all participants.



Table A-3
Count of Program Participants* for the Chapter 1 Program, 1993-94

Building	К	1	2	3	4	5	Total
E. Baillie	0	30	19	19	5	11	84
Coulter	0	2	22	9	1	6	40
Emerson	0	28	27	24	9	18	106
Fuerbringer	0	9	22	18	3	8	60
N. Haley	0	10	22	2	0	0	34
Handley	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heavenrich	0	15	22	29	12	16	94
Herig	. 0	12	26	12	9	10	69
Houghton	0	23	11	16	2	4	56
Jerome	0	9	16	7	3	3	38
Jones	0	30	12	12	0	0	54
Kempton	0	6	18	12	4	3	43
Longfellow	0	29	26	47	15	9	12€
Longstreet	0	24	22	14	15	9	84
J. Loomis	0	44	51	25	13	10	143
M. Park	0	15	22	22	7	20	86
C. Miller	0	5	16	5	0	0	26
J. Moore	0	14	20	18	2	8	62
Morley	0	10	17	20	4	19	70
J. Rouse	0	8	16	14	5	10	53
Salina	0	14	16	19	5	1	55
Stone	C	18	17	24	14	11	84
Webber Elem.	0	41	40	44	6	14	145
Zilwaukee	0	1	1.	4	0	1	7
TOTAL	0	397	481	416	134	191	1,619

^{*}Count as of January 13, 1994 computer run that included all participants.



APPENDIX A

Appendix A-4

Count of Program Participants* for the Chapter 1 Program, 1993-94

Building	6	7	8	Total
Central Middle	73	63	53	189
North Middle	39	36	23	98
South Middle	41	43	59	143
Webber Middle	60	74	57	191
TOTAL	213	216	192	621

^{*}Count as of January 13, 1994 computer run that included all participants.



Table A-5
Count of Program Participants* for the Article 3 Program, 1993-94

Building	ĸ	1	2	3	4	5	Total
E. Baillie	0	30	19	Ï9	0	11	79
Coulter	0	2	22	9	0	6	39
Emerson	0	28	27	24	0	18	97
Fuerbringer	0	9	22	18	0	8	57
N. Haley	0	10	22	2	0	. 0	34
Hardley	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heavenrich	0	15	22	29	0	16	82
Herig	. 0	12	26	12	0	10	60
Houghton	0	23	11	16	0	4	54
Jerome	0	9	16	7	0	3	35
Jones	0	30	12	12	0	0	54
Kempton	0	6	18	12	0	3	39
Longfellow	0	29	26	47	0	9	111
Longstreet	0	24	?2	14	ŋ	9	69
J. Loomis	0	44	51	25	0	10	130
M. Park	0	15	22	22	0	20	79
C. Miller	0	5	16	5	0	0	26
J. Moore	0	14	20	18	0	8	60
Morley	0	10	17	20	0	19	66
J. Rouse	0	8	16	14	0	10	48
Salina	0	14	16	19	0	1	50
Stone	0	18	17	24	0	11	70
Webber Elem.	0	41	40	44	0	14	139
Zilwaukee	0	1	1	4	0	1	7
TOTAL	0	397	481	416	0	191	1,485

^{*}Count of January 13, 1994 computer run that included all participants.



APPENDIX A

Table A-6

Count of Program Participants* for the Article 3 Program, 1993-94

Building	6	7	8	Total
Central Middle	73	63	53	189
North Middle	39	36	23	98
South Middle	41	43	59	143
Webber Middle	60	74	57	191
TOTAL .	213	216	192	621

^{*}Count as of January 13, 1994 computer run that included all participants.



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Nean Number Pre		Mormal Curve Equivalents	•				•							2	s	
Near	Mean Loss Loss 1		quivalents	Mormal Cu	Mormal Curve Equivalents		Mormal Curve Equivalents	rve Equiv	lents	Mormal Curve Equivalents	ve Equi	alents	Mormal (Normal Curve Equivalents	ulvalen	
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1 23.0 1 12.0 1 12.0	41.0					1.7	9		1.6		;	;		1	:	
1 12.0 1 1 22.0 1 1 22.0 1 1 22.0	41.0		_			2.1			- 1.0		:	:		1	1	
12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 15.0 16.0 17.0 18.0 18.0 19.0	13.8	: 0				· ;	0		!	0	:	1	0	;		
26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.3	13.8	7 15.8		14	19.1 28.6	9.5			5.8	0	;	1,	<u> </u>	;	:	
26.7 26.7 26.7 27.0 28.0	13.8	10 26.1				5.0	8 25		14.0	0	!	. 1	0	ŧ	' :	
3 20.3	;	11 24.4				0.0			- 4.3	0	:	ì	•	:	1	
25.0		4 39.2				8.0 -			- 2.6	0	;	:	•	;	' -	
25.0	1					- 2.0	5 23		₹.0	0	:	:	0	i	1	A
3 20.3	;			9		- 0.7			-10.5	0	;	;	0	1	:	P!
25.0	7.3	30 27.7	42.4 14.7			7.	33 23		3.1	0	;	:	0	;	:	?E
25.0	10.0					1.5			- 0.3	0	;	:	<u> </u>	;	•	N
380000000000000000000000000000000000000	21.0					- 5.2		25.0 24.6	₹.0	0	-	:	0	:	' !	D]
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	;		34.6 10.8			- 5.9				0	1	:	0	;	;	ĽΧ
	:					- 3.0			٠	0	; ;	:	-	:	· :	
	:	14 21.7				- 9.2	10 27	27.9 29.6		0	:	:	0	:	:	В
1 28.0	;			10 2	23.2 27.2	0.4				0	:	;	0	1	;	
	5.0	10 26.2		9	30.1 26.1	0.4 -		25.6 23.6	- 2.0	0	:	:	-	;	:	
	;		17.2 - 1.3	11 3	30.3 25.6	- 4.7		22.1 22.0	- 0.1	0	:	:	0	;	;	
1 19.0	19.0			η. E	36.0 40.2	4.2	17 25	25.8 28.8	2.9	0	;	:	<u> </u>	:	:	
	;	30 24.8	60	17 2		1.3		27.9 32.8	4.9	0	;	:	0	:	:	
; 0	;		ı	•	:	;		24.5 30.5	0.9	٥	;	ī	•	:	:	
													\downarrow			
0 13 22.8 38.7	15.9	305 23.6	34.0 10.4	215 2	27.9 27.2	- 6.7	238 25	25.2 28.4	3.2	0	;	;	•	:	; ;	

Note. N = 772 students.

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Attainment Status For Chapter I Pupils in Advanced Skills Reading Comprehension

٠	.	Grade K	u.		5	Grade Jr. 1	-		-	Grade 1				Grade 2	2			Grade	m	_		Ş	•	_		3	un.	
Building	Hormal Curve Equivalents	ve Eq	uivale		Normal Curve Equivalents	rve Eq	iivale		Mormal Curve Equivalents	rve Eq	uivalen		Mormal Curve Equivalents	irve E	quivale		Mormal Curve Equivalents	Curve	Equival		Mormal Curve Equivalents	ere E	quival		Mormal Curve Equivalents	Curve	evîve.	lents
			ž				¥	<u> </u>			¥				#	E S										1		3
	Reter Pr Tested No	ar Mark	Post G	Cala/ Loss Te	Number Pr	2 4	Post E	Cain/	Number P Tested K	Pre Resa	Post Ga		Number 1	Pre	Post G Meta L		Member Tested	2 3	Post	Cata/ Loss	Testod	2 3	S E	Cata/ Loss	Number	2 2	Nesn	Less (
				+					9	1		0	=	1 0%	17 3 -1	1.8	2	21.7	21.7	0.0	0	:	;	:	0	:	;	:
E. Baillie			:	:	· > c	:	:	-		15.5	33.7.18	18.2			•	9.9		27.8	34.2	₹.9	0	:	;	;	0	;	;	i
Coulter	· -	•	:		-	•	: :	<u>·</u>	, 2						•	1.7		27.5	35.4	7.9	0	ł	ŀ	:	0	ŀ	ì	:
Emerson	· -	•	:	:			:	-	, ,							1.7		23.3	26.5	3.1	0	1	;	:	0	1	:	i
Fuerbringer	· -	•			· .				. ~			12.7	2 2			2.8	7	16.0	14.5	1.5	0	;	;	;	0	ł	;	:
Haley	· 	!	:				-	-							1	;	0	;	:	;	0	;	i	:	0	ŀ	!	:
Handley	•	:	:		- -		-	- c	,			0.2			38.2	9.5	12	21.9	30.7	8.8	0	i	;	:	0	;	:	:
Heavenrich	· -	!		:	٠ .			-	. 01			. 6		15.2 2	25.7	10.5	ထ	25.2	43.8	18.6	0	:	;	:	0	:	ł	:
Her1g	· '	: !			۳ •	33.2 38	38.5	5,3	11	26.9	33.6	6.7	8			- 1.2	12	26.0		- 4.1	0	ŀ	;	;	0	;	;	!
Houghton	· ·							_ : :	-		•	2.7			35.2 -	1.6	က	24.6		- 1.3	Ċ	;	;	:	0	:	;	;
derome		!						:	21 ,			6.7				- 7.0	2	26.0		- 1.2	0	:	:	;	0	1	;	:
Jones		: :	:		, =			;				8.9				0.2	7	25.5		-13.0	0	;	:	;	0	;	;	:
Kempton		:	}		, ~			4.3				0.7	11 2		32.8	3.8	33	26.6	32.3	5.7	0	:	:	ŀ	0	:	:	ŀ
C Longre 1 low		:	:		, -			0.91	81			4.3			35.1	0.3	10	30.5	99.0	- 0.5	0	;	;	:	0	:	:	:
∪ Longs tree t		1 :	` 	-				13	•			0.5			23.8 -	3.4	15	24.5	25.2	1.0	0	:	:	:	0	:	1	:
			1		• =			-		9.6		5.2			•	5.2	14	28.2	35.7	7.5	0	;	;	;	0	:	1	1
F. Park	ء د	, ,	1 1					;		24.3	45.6 2	1.3	10		'	6.0	S	28.2	32.0	3.8	0	:	:	:	0	ţ	!	;
C. 311167	· ·	¦	۱ :	-				:		23.9		11.0			•	-11.7	2	28.3	35.8	7.5	0	ł	:	:	0 (1	!	:
J. Moore	- -	}	: :	-				-:	=	26.0		15.2				- 0.2	=	30.7	41.3	10.6	0	:	:	;	0	1	;	1
Moriey	• •			-			١	7.0	_	31.3		3.1			30.3	4.7	80	28.3	25.1	- 3.2	0	;	;	:	0	;	1	1
J. Kouse	- ·	;	ì					: ;		22.2	•	7.0	Ξ		- 9.82	3.7	œ	24.2	23.7	- 0.5	0	;	;	:	0	;	:	!
Selina	· - ·	:			~ -		-	0.00		28.8		10.7		41.0	40.4	9.0	17	26.2	32.8	9.9	0	1	;	!	<u> </u>	:	ł	:
Stone		;	:		- - c		•	? ;		28.5		2.5		28.7	29.6	6.0	21	28.3	35.7	7.4	0	:	;	:	<u> </u>	1	1	:
Webber El.		:	: ;	; ;	- c	; ;		· ;	3 -	45.0		-16.0	0	;	1	;	7	25.5	32.0	6.5	0	;	:	;	•	1	;	:
eexeex 17	> 	;	;	<u> </u>	•																							
TOTAL		:	;	;	13 8	27.1	39.8	12.7	305	27.1	33.7	9.9	215	29.4	28.4	- 1.0	238	26.3	31.0	4.7	0	ŧ	;	- !	• 	1	:	;
į				_																								

Note. N = 772 students.

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Table B-3 Attainment Status For Chapter 1 Pupils in Basic Skills Total Mathematics

1. J. 1. 1.

		;				Grade 2	N Q			Ž.	Grade 3			Grade	je 4	_		Grade	နှင့် သ	
Building	Normal Curve Equivalents	Curve	Equiva	lents	Normal Curve Equival	Curve	Equiva	lents	Normal	Curve	Mormal Curve Equivalents	lents	Norma 1	Curve	Normal Curve Equivalents	ents	Korma		Curve Equivalents	ents
_								Mean				Mean				Mean				Kean
	Number		Post		Number		Post	Gain/	Number			Ga In/	Number	e e	Post	Ga In/	Number	P S	Post	Gain/
	lested	Hean	Kean	Loss	Tested	Mean	Mean	Loss	Tested	Mean	Mean	Loss	Tested	Hean	Mean	Loss	Tested	Hean	Mean	Loss
Raillio	c	į			=	c	01		٢	ç			•	5		,	,			
ָ ט	۰ د	: ;	: ;		= :	0 1	10.3	ς.	_	7.07	21.1	ñ. 0	4	7.87	24.2	- 4.5	9	25.3		- 1.7
courter	-	0./2	44.0	0.7	13	25,3	38.3	13.0	9	32.8	36.1	3,3	-	1.0	1.0	0.0	8	30.0		3.0
Emerson	0	1	;	:	11	15.4	26.8	11.4	19	22.1	33,3	11.2	7	10.0	22.1	12.1	13	22.6		3.4
Fuerbringer	0	ŀ	;	:	19	25.6	29.0	3.4	10	29.8	32.5	2.7	က	24.3	21,3	- 3.0	æ	31.0	35,3	4.3
Nelle Haley	0	1	¦	!	16	31.6	46.4	14.8	0	!	1	-	-	20.0	18.0	- 2.0	0	1		1
Handley	0	1	;	!	0	;	1	:	0	1	ł	;	0	1	1	:	C	;	:	ļ
Heavenrich	0	;	!	:	13	15.9	24.0	8.1	18	26.0	34,4	8.4	6	20.1	24.6	4.5	13	26.3	27.0	0.7
	0	;	;	1	8	23.8	34.0	10.2	9	30.1	31,5	1.4	თ	33,6	37.4	3.8	8	38.3	39,3	1.0
Houghton .	0	1	!	;	2	20.0	62.5	42.5	10	29.7	24.5	- 5.2	4	16.2	16.7	0.5	က	33.0	29.3	3,7
Jerome	0	;	;	!	==	26.3	31.5	5.2	က	35.6	33.6	- 2.0	4	24.5	29.0	4.5	-	30.0	32.0	2.0
Jones	0	1	;	!	7	17.5	33.7	16.2	4	22.0	26.2	4.2	0	1	1	ŗ	-	38.0	30.0	8.0
Kempton	0	;	;	;	==	28.5	42.1	13.6	12	35.5	42.0	6.5	4	34.0	36.5	2.5	-	38.0	41.0	3.0
Longfellow	o -	i	!	:	17	22.8	25,3	2.5	၉	26,3	27.4	1.1	14	19.0	26.4	7.4	ω	18.8	31.3	12.5
Longstreet	0	:	1	;	17	26.0	37,3	11.3	01	25.8	23.8	- 2.0	6	20.3	23,7	3.4	6	24.3	25.4	1.1
J. Loomis	0	!	1	1	32	22.4	26.8	4.4	15	28.4	32.6	4.2	10	16.0	17.6	1.6	12	25.0	21.8	3.1
Merrill Park	0	;	1	;	16	24.3	32.8	8.5	13	34.0	39.9	5.9	2	29.4	31.2	1.8	19	28.1	32.4	4.3
Chester Miller	0	i	1	;	ო	18.0	23,3	5,3	0	ł		ł	0	1	1	;	0	1	į	!
John Moore	0	1	1	!	15	26.6	26.5	. 0.1	13	30.0	32,3	2.3	4	23,7	26.2	2.5	7	29.1	35.7	9.9
Morley	0	1	ł	;	13	56.6	35,7	9.1	13	24.3	40.1	15.7	က	25.6	32.0	6.3	18	28.0	29.0	1.0
J. Rouse	0	;	ì	;	10	25.2	40.4	15.2	7	20.0	12.8	- 7.2	ა	19.6	26.0	6.4	7	25.7	20.8	- 4.9
Salina	0	;	ļ	i	14	25.5	28.6	3.1	80	25.6	29.0	3.4	4	25.0	33.0	0.8	-	32.0	28.0	4.0
Stone	0	;	;	:	14	31.9	34.0	2.1	11	27.1	32.4	5,3	13	25.1	27.1	2.0	6	25.0		5.5
Webber Ele.	0	1	1	;	34	21.6	34.5	12.9	18	27.7	38.0	10.3	က	20.0	26.3	6.3	Ξ	23.6		0.3
Zilwaukee	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	;	_	40°0	34.0	0.9 -	0	;	;	: ;		32.0	43.0	11.0
		27.0	44.0	17.0	328	23.5	32.1	8.6	234	27.4	32.0	4.6	116	22.2	26.1	3.9	158	26.9	28.3	1.4

Note. N = 837 students.

APPENDIX B

Attainment Status For Chapter 1 Pupils in Advanced Skills Mathematics Concepts and Applications

		E.	Grade 1			Gra	Grade 2			Grade	te 3			Grade	de 4			Grade	20	
Building	Norma	Curve	Normal Curve Equivalents	alents	Normal Curve Equiv	Curve	Equiva	alents	Normal	Curve	Curve Equivalents	ents	Norma 1	Curve	Normal Curve Equivalents	lents	Norma	Normal Curve Equivalents	Equiva	lents
				Mean				Mean			_	Hean				Hean				2
	Number			Ga in/	Number			Ga In/	Number	Pre	Post	Ga in/	Mumber	Pre	Post	Gatn/	Number	P.	Post	Gatn/
	Tested	Mean	Kean	Loss	Tested	Kean	Kean	Loss	Tested	Kean	Hean	Loss	Tested	Mean		Loss	Tested	Hean	Kean	Loss
Baillie	0	:	;	-	11	12.4	18.0	5.6	7	23.1	24.2	. []	4	33.2	19.5	-13.7	vc	24.6	20 6	ر د
Coulter	-	36.0	52.0	16.0	13	31.8	39.0	7.2	9	34.6	30.0	4.6		1.0	1.0	0.0	~	35.0	29.0	0
Emerson	0	1	;	:	17	23.4	25.6	2.2	19	27.0	22.4 -	4.6	7	12.2	19.5	7.3	13	24.0	17.3	6.7
Fuerbringer	0	!	!	:	19	34.4	30.8 -	3.6	10	33.9	34.2	0.3	က	29.3	26.6	- 2.7	, α	32,3	39.3	7.0
Nella Haley	0	!	1	;	16	41.8	43.6	1.8	0	i	;	;	~	35.0	23.0	-12.0	0	1	}	: 1
Handley	0	;	1	;	0	!	;	;	0	;	;	<u></u>	0	1	;	- 1	0	ł	ł	;
Heavenrich	0	1	ļ	;	13	17.4	20.1	2.7	18	29.6	31.7	2.1	6	23.7	25.0	1.3	13	28.8	24.9	3.9
Herig	0	;	!	;	50	30.2	39.3	9.1	9	37.3	43.1	5.8	6	44.2	49.1	4.9	æ	47.7	44.0	3.7
Houghton	0	1	!	;	2	31.0	0.89	37.0	10	34.3	_	-11.0	4	21.7	24.0	2.2	က	37.3		-14.3
Jerome	0	1	;	;	11	35.0	35.0	0.0	က	43.3		5,3	4	24.2	31.7	7.5		28.0	38.0	10.0
Jones	0	;	:	;	7	25.8	31.5	5.7	4	24.2	1	4.0	0	;	!	1	-	50.0		-21.0
Kempton	0	!	1	;	11	37.1	46.3	9.5	12	42.2	39.7 -	2.5	4	39.7	43.2	3.5	_	42.0		2.0
Longfellow	0	;	;	:	17	30.3	28.4 -	1.9	93	31.6	26.9 -	4.7	14	19.2	25.4	6.2	ဆ	20.6		10.9
Longstreet	0	1	1	!	17	32.5	36.5	4.0	01	30.2	24.5 -	5.7	6	21.5	20.5	- 1.0	6	27.3	21.5	5.8
J. Loomis	0	:	1	:	32	29.7	29.0 -	0.7	15	32.1	31.0 -	1.1	10	20.4	17.5	- 2.9	12	25.9	•	1.0
Merrill Park	0	1	;	;	16	30.0	31.6	1.6	13	39.4	37.3 -	2.1	2	31.0	31.2	0.2	19	34.4	33.5	6.0
Chester Miller	0	;	;	;	က	14.0	15.3	1.3	0	;	;	!	0	!	1	1	0	ļ	1	;
John Moore	0	1	!	;	15	32.6	32.3 -	. 0.3	13	34.3	32.0 -	2.3	4	29.5	24.5	- 5.0	7	37.2	38.0	8.0
Morley	0	;	;	:	13	34.9	37.2	2,3	13	28.5	41.2	12.6	က	24.3	34.3	10.0	18	31.6	33.2	1.6
J. Rouse	0	1	1	;	10	33.7	44.1	10.4	7	23.2	ı	8.7	ഹ	21.8	32.2	10.4	7	29.8	26.8	3.0
Salina	0	ŧ	1	!	14	31.8	29.1 -	. 2.7	∞	27.2	30.2	3.0	₹	25.2	32.2	7.0	-	36.0	31.0	5.0
Stone	0	;	;	:	14	40.9	31.7 -	9.2	11	32.9	30.5 -	2.4	13	31.3	31.1	- 0.2	6	26.8	34.0	7.2
Webber Ele.	0	1	1	;	34	31.6	33.4	1.8	18	32.4	34.4	2.0	ო	21.6	28.6	7.0	11	25.0	24.5	. 0.5
Zilwaukee	0	;	!	:	0	ł	į	:	-	53.0	32.0 -	-21.0	0	;	1	ł	-	36.0	50.0	14.0
TOTAL	-	36.0	52.0	16.0	328	30.9	32.9	2.0	234	32.0	30.6	1.4	116	25.8	27.8	2.0	158	30.2	. 9.6	9.0 -

Note. N = 837 students.

Table 8-4

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APPENDIX B

Table B-5

Attainment Status For Chapter 1 Pupils in Basic Skills Total Reading and Advanced Skills Reading Comprehension

		Grad	e 6			Grade	· 7			Grade	8	
Subject/ School		Normal Equiva		•	1	lormal Iquival			1	ormal quival		
	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss
Total Reading		_										
Central North	48 25	22.4 27.2	23.1 27.8	0.7 0.6	39 14	29.1 29.9	30.5 28.4	1.4 -1.5	32	25.0 32.8	25.7 29.2	0.7 -3.6
South Webber	29 40	28.5 23.9	32.2 20.2	3.7 -3.7	32 60	30.3 27.6	32.8 26.9	2.5 -0.7	39 36	37.3 27.7	36.2 27.0	-1.1 0.7
System	142	24.9	25.0	0.1	145	28.8	29.3	0.5	114	30.5	29.9	-0.6
Reading Comprehensi	on											
Central	48	26.5	26.5	0.0	39	35.6	35.2	-0.4	32	31.7	28.1	-3.6
North South Webber	25 29 40	32.3 31.9 27.2	30.2 32.5 22.6	-2.1 0.6 -4.6	14 32 60	34.1 35.4 34.5	34.2 35.9 29.4	0.1 0.5 -5.1	7 39 36	38.2 44.0 31.7	31.4 38.3 27.5	-6.8 -5.7 -4.2
System	142	28.8	27.3	-1.5	145	34.9	32.9	-2.0	114	36.3	31.6	-4.2 -4.7

Note. N = 401 students.



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APPENDIX B

Table B-6

Attainment Status For Chapter 1 Pupils in Basic Skills Total Mathematics and Advanced Skills Mathematics Concepts and Applications

		Grad	e 6			Grade	7			Grade	8	
Subject/ Schooi	l	Normal Equiva			1	ormal quival			1	ormal quival		
	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss
Total Mathematics								-				
Central	39	25.0	24.2	-0.8	19	27.3	26.1	-1.2	20	28.7	24.4	-4.3
North	13	30.8	39.5	8.7	15	28.8	30.3	1.5	5	29.0	31.2	2.2
South	27	27.1	33.4	6.3	6	29.0	31.8	2.8	13	31.3	36.6	5.3
Webber	29	28.5	24.8	-3.7	40	25.4	24.4	-1.0	·23	26.6	26.0	-0. 6
System	108	27.2	28.4	1.2	80	26.8	26.4	-0.4	61	28.4	28.1	-0.3
Concepts and Applications			`	-			-					
Central	39	29.4	24.4	-5.0	19	29.3	25.0	-4.3	20	28.8	24.6	-4.2
North	13	36.0	40.9	4.9	15	30.8	31.0	0.2	5	32.8	35.8	3.0
South	27	32.7	36.0	3.3	6	31.8	33.1	1.3	13	31.9	39.7	7.8
Webber	29	33.1	24.5	- 8.6	40	28.4	24.7	- 3.7	23	25.0	26.7	1.7
System	108	32.0	29.3	-2.7	80	29.3	26.5	-2.7	61	28.3	29.5	1.2

Note. N = 249 students.



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TOTAL

APPENDIX B

Fei Cata/ Loss

Grade 5

Attainment Status For Article 3 Pupils in Basic Skills Total Reading

Post

= 770 students. Kote.

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Haley	0	;	;	;	.	24.0	49.0	25.0	. ~	25.0		12.7			29.8 2.8		2 16		,	7 2	: :	: :	: :	-	: :	: :	: :
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Houghton	<u>-</u>	;	:	;	-	33.2	38.5	5.3	==	56.9		6.7	80		,		12 26		٠	_	ł	:	;	0	i	;	:
Jerome	<u> </u>	;	;	:	0	;	ł	;	-	48.2		12.7	2		35,2 - 1.6				23.3 - 1.3		i	1	;	0	;	;	:
Jones	•	;	;	;	0	;	;	:	21	26.8		19.7	9		25.5 - 7.0		5 26			2 0	i	:	!	0	1	;	1
Kemp ton	<u> </u>	:	:	:	0	;	:	;	ις	34.2		16.8	9		٠				.5 -13.0		;	1	:	-	1	:	:
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M. Park	<u> </u>	:	;	;	0	;	:	;	15	29.6		5.2	16		:				.7 7.5		í	1	;	0	;	;	:
C. Miller	o ·	:	i	:	0	:	!	;	m	24.3	ص	21.3			•	_					i	:	:	•	;	1	:
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forley	0	:	:	:	0	:		:	11	26.0	~	15.3	01		٠						i	:	;	•	:	;	i
J. Kouse	0	;	;	;	-	45.0		- 7.0	10	31.3		3.1	9		1	_			٠		i	•	;	-	;	:	;
Sel ine	<u> </u>	!	;	:	0	:	;	:	7	25.2		7.0	Ξ.						.7 - 0.5		i	:	:	0	!	:	;
Stone	0	:	:	:	-	20.0	0.0	20.0	11	28.8		10.7	S		40.4 - 0.						;	•	:	-	;	i	į
Webber El.	0	:	ļ	;	•	;	;	i	용	28.5		2.5	17		29.6 0.9		21 28	28.3 35	7 7.4		i	1	:	-	:	;	;
211waukee	•	:	:	:	•	;	ŀ	:	1	45.0	29.0 -	16.0	0	;	:				32.0 6.	2	i	:	:	0	;	;	;
												\dagger				+				+				<u> </u>			
TOTAL	•	:	1.	;	13	27.1	39.8	12.7	305	27.1	33.7	9.9	215	29.4	28.4 - 1.0	0 237		26.3 30	30.8 4.5	2	:	:	;	-	1	1	:
												1				\dashv				4							

Note. N = 770 students.

Attainment Status For Article 3 Pupils in Advanced Skills Reading Comprehension

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Attainment Status For Article 3 Pupils in Basic Skills Total Mathematics

		İ				Ž,	Grade Z			Š	Grade 3			9	Grade 4			Grade	de S	
Building	Norma)	Mormal Curve Equivalents	Equiva	lents	Normal	Curve	Normal Curve Equivalents	lents	Normal	Curve	e Equiv	Normal Curve Equivalents	Norma 1	Curve	! Equity	Mormal Curve Equivalents	Korma 1	Curve	Curve Equivalents	lents
-	1	9	•	Mean				Mean								Hean				#ean
	Tested	Mean	Kean	Loss	Number	Pre	Post Mian	Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post n Mean	t Gain/	Number Tested	Pre	Post		Number	Pre	Post	Gatn/
																	וכיונים		- 1	
Baillie	0	:	1	!	11	8.6	18.3	8.5	7	20.2	21.1		0	;	;	ł	٧	25.3	22 6	7 1 7
Coulter	-	27.0	44.0	17.0	13	25.3	38.3	13.0	9	32.8			_	¦	¦	;	_		22.00	
Emerson	0	;	:	1	17	15.4	26.8	11.4	19	22.1		11.2		;	;	ŀ	1 5	200	10.0	2 6
Fuerbringer	0	;	:	1	19	25.6	29.0	3.4	10	29.8			-	;		;	2 «	31.0	35.2	* ~ ? \
Melle Haley	0	1	;	!	16	31.6	46.4	14.8	0	į				20.0		1) c	;	•	•
Handley	0	!	!	;	0	!	;	;	0	i	¦	;	_	1			· c			
Heavenrich	0	:	;	i	13	15.9	24.0	8,1	18	26.0	34.4	8.4	0	1	;	i	2	26.3	27.0	; c
Herig	0	!	1	!	70	23.8	34.0	10.2	9	30.1			_	;	1	ŀ	2 4	32.5	2000	
O Houghton	0	1	1	;	2	20.0	62.5	42.5	10	29.7		5.5	0	ţ		ł	о m	33.0	20.0	7.0
Jerome	0	:	!	;	=	26.3	31.5	5.2	က	35.6	33.6	2.0	_	22.0		2.0		30.0	32.0	
Jones	0	!	:	1	7	17.5	33.7	16.2	4	22.0			0	!	:		• -	8 8	200	ο α
Kempton	0	;	:	!	11	28.5	42.1	13.6	12	35.5			0	!			· -	8 8	2.0) (
Longfellow	0	!	:	ì	17	22.8	25.3	2.5	30	26.3			_	¦	;	1 1	• a	10.0	21.0	2 0
Longstreet	0	1	:	1	17	26.0	37.3	11.3	10	25.8		- 20	_	!	i		o c		2.10	
J. Loomis	0	!	1	ŀ	35	22.4	26.8	4.4	12	28.4		4	_	! !	: :	: :	ر د	25.0	22.4	1.1
Merrill Park	0	ŀ	;	;	16	24.3	32.8	8.5	13	34.0			_	;	1	ł	1 5	28.0	20.42	1
Chester Miller	0	1	!	:	ო	18.0	23.3	5,3	0	1			_	ł		;	} <	1	7	?
John Moore	0	;	:	:	15	26.6	25.5	0.1	13	30.0	က		- 2	30.0			^	29 1	35.7	י ני
Morley	0	1	:	1	13		35.7	9.1	13	24.3		15.8	0	: 1	;		. 2	1 0	. 00	•
J. Rouse	0	I I	: 1	1	21		40.4	15.2	7	20.02		1		36.0		ı	2	25.7	20.00	
Salina	0	1	;	;	14		28.6	3.1	∞	25.6			_					, ,	9 6	n (
Stone	0	:	;	:	14	31.9	34.0	2.1	11	27.1	32.4	5.2	0	ł	1	:	٠ ٥	25.0	200	י היה
Webber Ele.	0	;	;	:	34	21.6	34.5	12.9	18	27.7			_	ļ	1	ł	`=	22.60		, ,
Zilwaukee	<u> </u>	!	;	; 1	0	:	!	!	-	40.0		•	0	!	;	!	-	32.0	43.0	11.0
TOTAL	-	27.0	44.0	17.0	328	23.5	32.1	8.6	234	27.4	32.0	4.6	<u>بر.</u>	27 6	27 4	0	158	26	000	-

Note. N = 726 students.

able 8-10

Attainment Status For Article 3 Pupils in Advanced Skills Mathematics Concepts and Applications

		Grade 1	 			673	Grade 2			Ē	Grade 3			Grade	*			Grade	Se S	
Building	Normal Curve Equivalents	Curve	Equiva	lents	Normal Curve Equivale	Curve	Equiv	lents	Korma	Curve	Normal Curve Equivalents	ents	Normal Curve Equivalents	Curve	Equiva	lents	Normal Curve Equivalents	Curve	Equiv	lents
	:	1						Mean				Hean				Kean				E S
-	Number Tested	Pre Kean	Post	Gatn/	Number	Pre	Post	Gatn/	Number		Post	Gatn/	Number	£ :	Post	Gain/	Number		Post	Ga 1n/
				3	123.60		ļ	1	ובארבת	Te ell	Mean	Loss	lested	E .	Tean	Loss	Fested	Fe.	Mean	Loss
Baillie	0	!	1	:	11	12.4	18.1	5.7	7	23.1	24.2	1.1	0	ł	ł	1	9	24.6	22.6	2.0
Coulter	-	36.0	52.0	16.0	13	31.8	39.0	7.2	9	34.6	30.0	4.6	0	;	1	;	5	35.0	29.0	1
Emerson	0	!	;	1 1	17	23.4	25,6	2.2	19	27.0		4.6	0	;	1	ł	13	24.0	17.3	
Fuerbringer	0	:	;	;	19	34.4	30.8	- 3.6	10	33,9		0.3	0	!	!	;	8	32,3	39,3	7.0
Melle Haley	ර	;	;	;	16	41.8	43.6	1.8	0	!	ļ	!	-	35.0	23.0	-12.0	0	1	1	: 1
Handley	0	ļ	ŀ	;	0	i	ļ	;	0	!	!	!	0	!	!	i	0	1	ļ	;
Heavenrich	0	!	!	:	13	17.4	20.1	2.7	18	29.6	31.7	2.1	0	1	1	ł	13	28.8	24.9	3.9
Herig	0	;	:	;	8	30.2	39,3	9.1	9	37.3	43.1	5.8	0	!	ł	ł	- ∞	47.7	44.0	- 3.7
Houghton	0	ţ	:	;	2	31.0	68.0	37.0	10	34.3	23.3	-11.0	0	;	ţ	;	က	37.3	23.0	-14.3
Jerome	0	1	1	:	=======================================	35.0	35.0	0.0	က	43,3	48.6	5,3	-	18.0	23.0	5.0	~	28.0	38.0	
Jones	0	t 1	1	!	7	25.8	31.5	5.7	4	24.2	20.2	4.0	0	!	1	;		50.0	29.0	-21.0
Kempton	0	1	ŀ	:	=======================================	37.1	46.3	9.5	12	42.2	39.7 -	2.5	0	i	1	!	1	42.0	44.0	
Longfellow	0	1	:	!	17	30.3	28.4	- 1.9	93	31.6	- 6.9	4.7	0	ł	ł	;	ω	20.6	31.5	• •
Longstreet	0	1	\$ \$:	17	32.5	36.5	4.0	10	30.2	24.5	5.7	0	;	;	ł	6	27.3	21.5	ı
J. Loomis	0	;	i	;	32	29.7	29.0	- 0.7	15	32.1	31.0 -	1.1	0	1	:	1	12	25.9	24.9	- 1
Merrill Park	0	;	1	:	16	30.0	31.6	1.6	13	39.4	37.3 -	2.1	0	ł	1	1	19	34.4	33.5	- 1
Chester Miller	0	!	1	!	ო	14.0	15.3	1.3	0	;	;	!	0	1	ļ	ŀ	0	!	1	
John Moore	0	:	!	:	12	32.6	32.3	- 0.3	13	34.3	32.0 -	- 2,3	2	35.0	30.5	- 4.5	7	37.2	38.0	
Morley	-	!	!	:	13	34.9	37.2	2,3	13	28.5		12.7	0	!	!	ł	18	31.6	33.2	
J. Rouse	0	!	;	;	2	33.7	44.1	10.4	7	23.5	14.5 -	. 8.7	7	44.0	32.0	-12.0	7	29.8	26.8	1
Salina	0	1	1	;	14	31.8	29.1	- 2.7	89	27.2	30.2	3.0	0	i	ł	;		36.0	31.0	1
Stone	0	!	;	;	14	40.9	31.7	- 9.2	11	32.9	30.5	. 2.4	0	!	ļ	:	6	26.8	34.0	7.2
Webber Ele.	0	1	;	!	34	31.6	33.4	1.8	18	32.4	34.4	2.0	0	;	;	i	11	25.0	24.5	1
Zilwaukee	0	;	ł	1	0	ł	1	ŀ		53.0		-21.0	0	ļ	1	;	-	36.0	50.0	_
TOTAL	1	36.0	52.0	16.0.	328	30.9	32.9	2.0	234	32.0	30.6	- 1.4	2	33.4	27.8	- 5.6	158	30.2	29.6	- 0.6

31

Note. N = 726 students.

APPENDIX B

Table B-11
Attainment Status For Article 3 Pupils in Basic Skills Total Reading and Advanced Skills Reading Comprehension

Subject/ School		Grad Normal Equiva	Curve		1	Grzie Onmal Quival	Curve		4	Grade Ormal Quival	Curve	
	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss
Total Reading												
Central North South Webber	48 25 29 40	22.4 27.2 28.5 23.9	23.1 27.8 32.2 20.2	0.7 0.6 3.7 -3.7	39 14 32 60	29.1 29.9 30.3 27.6	30.5 28.4 32.8 26.9	1.4 -1.5 2.5 -0.7	32 7 39 36	25.0 32.8 37.3 27.7	25.7 29.2 36.2 27.0	0.7 -3.6 -1.1 -0.7
System	142	24.9	25.0	0.1	145	28.8	29.3	0.4	114	30.5	29.9	-0.6
Reading Comprehensi	on											_
Central North South Webber	48 25 29 40	26.5 32.3 31.9 27.2	26.5 30.2 32.5 22.6	0.0 -2.1 0.6 -4.6	39 14 32 60	35.6 34.1 35.4 34.5	35.2 34.2 35.9 29.4	-0.4 0.1 0.5 -5.1	32 7 39 36	31.7 38.2 44.0 31.7	28.1 31.4 38.3 27.5	-3.6 -6.8 -5.7 -4.2
System	142	28.8	27.3	-1.5	145	34.9	32.9	-2.0	114	36.3	31.6	-4.7

Note. N = 401 students.



APPENDIX B

Table B-12

Attainment Status For Article 3 Pupils in Basic Skills Total Mathematics and Advanced Skills Mathematics Concepts and Applications

Subject/ School		Grad Normal Equiva	Curve			Grade ormal quival	Curve			Grade ormal quival	Curve	
	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss	Number Tested	Pre Mean	Post Mean	Mean Gain/ Loss
Total Mathematics			•									
Central	39	29.4	24.4	-5.0	19	29.3	25.0	-4.3	20	28.8	24.6	-4.2
North	13	36.0	40.9	4.9	15	30.8	31.0	0.2	5	32.8	35.8	3.0
South	27	32.7	36.0	3.3	6	31.3	33.1	1.3	13	31.9	39.7	7.8
Webber	29	33.1	24.5	-8.6	40	28.4	24.7	-3.7	23	25.0	26.7	1.7
System	108	27.2	28.4	1.2	80	26.8	26.4	-0.4	51	28.4	28.1	-0.3
Concepts and Applications				_								
Central	39	25.0	24.2	-0.8	19	27.3	26.1	-1.2	20	28.7	24.4	-4.3
North	13	30.8	39.5	8.7	15	28.8	30.3	1.4	5	29.0	31.2	2.2
South	27	27.1	33.4	6.2	6	29.0	31.8	2.8	13	31.3	36.6	5.3
Webber	29	28.5	24.8	-3. 7	40	25.4	24.4	-1.0	23	26.6	26.0	-0.6
System	108	32.0	29.3	-2.7	80	29.3	26.6	-2.7	61	28.3	29.5	1.2

Note. N = 249 students.



APPENDIX C

CHECKLIST FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL PRINCIPALS

(Conditions Under Which the HOTS Program is Effective for Chapter 1 and LD Students)

HOTS is a general thinking skills program designed primarily for Chapter 1 and mildly impaired Learning Disabled students in Grades 5-8. The thinking skills are designed to also enhance social interaction and basic skills. HOTS students are currently out-performing national averages for basic skill gains in reading and math, and the program has been validated by the National Diffusion Network.

HOTS represents a new approach to compensatory education. Instead of reteaching the information the students did not previously learn, HOTS provides the types of thinking skills that students need to be able to learn content the first time it is taught in the classroom. Producing basic skill gains, however, requires implementing the program in accordance with the recommendations that follow.

- 1. HOTS requires a very good teacher. A weak teacher simply cannot be successful. The pedagogical techniques are very sophisticated. The ideal teacher is someone who is very bright, energetic, flexible yet organized, and who above all loves to get kids to talk.
- 2. HOTS requires a good overall school improvement effort in the regular classroom. HOTS is designed to help a good, or improving, school get better. HOTS should not be implemented in a school with a weak staff, or where extensive school improvement has not already taken place. Since HOTS does not teach content, if the needed content is not covered in the regular classes, basic skills scores will not go up. This means high time-on-task, and quality direct instruction each day in reading and math activities aligned with test objectives.
- 3. Proper scheduling. The HOTS program is designed to substitute for, and replace, the remedial activities in the school. It needs a minimum of 35 minutes of instruction a day, 4 days a week, on an ongoing basis for 1 ½-2 years. This can be done either as a pullout or as a separate course. Schools that want to raise math scores can optionally use the fifth day, or 10-15 minutes at the end of each period, for computerized math drill and practice.

Students should ideally be kept in the program for 1½—2 years, even if they test out at the end of the first year. This extra service is legal and helps students automate their new problem solving skills. First and second year HOTS students should be in separate sections.

Students should be put into HOTS at the lowest grade level in the school (or when they first arrive). HOTS can be implemented either with a limited number of students, or as a school-wide model serving all needy students at the lowest grade level.

A teacher can handle up to about 10 students at a time with 9 Apple II computers. A teacher and aide can handle up to about 16 students at a time with 13-15 computers.* Other pupilteacher ratios with various combinations of personnel can be considered. HOTS project staff will assist in identifying other possible combinations.

- * (It's possible to do the program in the first year with a few less computers, but only for a year.)
- 4. Quality, classroom instruction available to HOTS students. It is critical that HOTS students get good content instruction in reading and math in their regular classes.



 Proper budgeting. Costs include: a) purchasing the needed equipment from local vendors, and b) training and support costs. The training and support costs per school are as follows:

Number of students served	<u>Up to 25</u>	<u> 25-85</u>	More than 85
First year *	\$750	\$900	\$1100
Second year	300	400	600
Therea/ter	50	50	100

 Includes the support fee for the school and training one HOTS teacher and aide. Each additional HOTS teacher adds \$450 to the first year costs. (No added cost the second year).

The support fee includes the curriculum, phone support, the HOTSTUFF newsletter, videotapes, and updates for as long as you use the program.

- 6. General support by the principal. There are a number of general leadership activities that increase the effectiveness of the program. The most important leadership activity is to implement and monitor a good overall school effectiveness program. It is also important to support the HOTS teacher who will have to work very hard, particularly the first year when the curriculum and techniques are unfamiliar. Additional support needs include:
 - a) HOTS linkage activities consist of HOTS students writing eight questions and answers around a block of content every three weeks. These questions and answers are then brought to the HOTS lab and entered into the computer to make games and quizzes based on the content. Content teachers interested in working with the students on their writing of the questions in their class should be identified and encouraged to work with the HOTS students.
 - b) Schedule presentations about HOTS for the entire staff early in the school year. This includes a 15 minute video overview of the program, and a 1½—2 hour workshop to train content area teachers on how to help students write questions. The latter should be conducted within the first three months by the HOTS teacher.
 - c) Support public display of the HOTS students' prowess.
- 7. Evaluating HOTS instruction. DO NOT USE EEI EVALUATION TECHNIQUES. HOTS lessons are different. The best measure of the HOTS teacher's effectiveness is the number of complete answers he/she obtains from students—as opposed to one word answers—without giving obvious hints. The more one-word answers or hints, the weaker the lesson. There should be little talk by the teacher, and a lot by the students.

DO NOT WORRY IF EARLY IN A UNIT STUDENTS SEEM CONFUSED ABOUT HOW TO PROCEED. Learning to use textual information to deal with uncertainty is one of the key skills that HOTS develops. The students will be successful by the end of the unit.

Feel free to contact Dr. Stanley Pogrow if you have further questions. Dr. Pogrow can be reached at: University of Arizona, College of Education, Tucson AZ 85721 or at (602) 621-1305.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

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Reading Recovery Teacher Trainer

			NENT (Check on	y ONE)		
		POS.			IY READING	
		PLEMENTARY !	PRIOAPE	SECONOA!	Y MATHEMATICS	
		ELEMENTARY :	MATHEMATICS	X OTHER (Se	Pupil Se	rvice Team
2. PR		OCATIONS				
	SCHO	OOLS SERVED:	See list of el Page 2, Item	igible buildings of	1	GRADE LEVELS SERV
						PreK-12
3. DE	SCRIPTIO	N OF PROGR	M SERVICES		Outside R	equier Clesersom
ıl Service	Teams (co	ancieting of co	ounselors, social		Indida Re	Jular Claser oom
chologists	i) will be e	established to	provide Chapter	1 student assistance	Replacem	ent Class
i academi	ic, attenda	nce, socio-em	otional, and heal	th problems.	X Other (dec	teribe)
7025 Will i Poessarv	include sc	reerung, diag	nosis, evaluation	, and intervention		
udents w	rho have e	xhibited ideni	rified problems a	Il assist the families nd will make		
rrals to ap	propriate	agencies with	un the commun	ty.		
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4. AVE	FAGE WE	ERILY TIME SE	ERVED			
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5. COC	ORDINATK	ON PLAN	information and	I training to parents,	teachers, and p	principals on the purp
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APPENDIX D PROGRAM DESCRIPTION NSTRUCTIONS COMPONENT (Chick only ONE) SECONDARY READING CLEMENTARY READING SECONGARY MATHEMATICS Elementary After School/ estambetary wathematics OTHER (Specify) PROGRAM LOCATIONS See list of eligible buildings on GRADE LEVELS SERVED SCHOOLS SERVED: Page 3, Item A3 - Program is voluntary DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAM SERVICES Outside Requier Cleaerson in**cide Reg**uler Clasercom The After School/Extended Day Program serves students who participate in the Chapter 1 Program during the regular school day. The program provides for additional instruction in reading and/or ifter School/Exten mathematics. Entry into the program is based on need. Class sizes range from 5 to 10 and operates for one hour after school, two to four days per week. The program focuses in on different approaches, use of computers, newspapers, narrative and expository materials, and manipulatives. Learning approaches and materials will focus on the development of both basic skills (e.g., vocabulary development, computation) and more advanced skills (e.g., comprehension, concepts and applications). 4. AVERAGE WEBILY TIME SERVED 2 to 4 hours 5. COORDINATION PLAN

After School/Extended Day teachers will reinforce, extend, and support classroom lessons in reading and mathematics and district-wide objectives in reading and mathematics at each grade level.

6. FTE CHAPTER 1 STAFF EMPLOYED IN THIS COMPONENT _80_ Tecemera Participating teachers are paid on an hourly rate. Perspra leasiensia Other (describe)



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. PROGRAM SECCEPT	TMPONENT (Check on)			
	TARY READING	SECONDAR DECONDAR	WATHEMATICS Seconds	iry After School
2. PROGRAM LOCATIO	X4S	North Intermedia	elly) <u>Grades</u>	7 through 9 GRADE LEVELS SERV
3. DESCRIPTION OF PROCESSION O	toring Program serves s during the regular schoo il instruction in reading from 5 to 10 students p ol, for four days per wee ocus on the developmen	ol day. The and/or er teacher and ek. Learning nt of both basic	Incide Rec	equier Glasereem juier Glasereem ent Glase seriba)
4. AVERAGE WEEKLY T		1 to 4 hours		
4. AVERAGE WEEKLY T 5. COORDINATION PLA Secondary After School Tut objectives in reading and a	W poring Program will rein	nforce, extend, and s	upport classro	om l essons a nd distr
5. COORDINATION PLA	W poring Program will rein	nforce, extend, and s	upport classro	om l essons and distr
5. COORDINATION PLA	Will reing Program will reing mathematics at each gra	nforce, extend, and side level.		



APPENDIX D	10~ . (Per
L PROGRAM SUSCEMPTION	
1. NSTRUCTIONAL GOMPONENT (Check Grey ONE) SECONDARY READING SECONDARY MATHEMATICS	
ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS X OTHER (Specify) Project	Success
2. PROGRAM LOCATIONS schools serveo: See list of eligible buildings on Page 2, Item A3.	GRAGE LEVELS SERVED
Project Success will focus in on those students who have not made any academic gains in the past two years and for whom a special plan for	entel Project Success
4 AVERAGE WEBILY TIME SERVED	
5. COORDINATION PLAN	
Project Success staff will work with Chapter 1, regular education teachers and Pupil Service assess, and develop plans for student program improvement for students who have not gain for the past two years.	e Team to identify, ined in performance
6. FTE CHAPTER 1 STAFF EMPLOYED IN THIS COMPONENT	3 1



Other (describe) 1.0 FTE Project Success Specialist and 4.0 FTE Outreach Workers

Figure E-1

1993-94 Chapter 1/Article 3 Buildings to Submit Reading and/or Mathematics Plans of Improvement a

	REA	DING	MATHE	MATICS
	Basic Skills	Advanced Skills	Basic Skills	Advanced Skills
MIDDLE SCHOOL				
Central Middle	x	Х	x	Х
North Middle	X	X		X
South Middle	X	X		
Webber Middle	X	X	Х	X
ELEMENTARY				•
Baillie	х	Х	х	X
Coulter				X
Emerson		X		X
Fuerbringer	X	X	Х	X
Nelle Haley	X	X		X
Heavenrich				X
Herig				
Houghton	X	X	X	X
Jerom e	·X	X		X
Jones	X	X		X
Kempton	X	X		
Longfellow				X
Longstreet	X	X		X
J. Loomis	X	X	X	X
Merrill Park	X	X		X
Chester Miller	X	X		X
John Moore	X	X	Х	X
Morley				
J. Rouse	X	X		Х
Salina	X	X		X
Stone				X
Webber Ele.				X
Zilwaukee			Х	X
			- -	- -

Note. X = Aggregate gain three NCE units or less.

- The school served 10 or fewer Chapter 1/Article 3 students in that year;
- The standardized test results for a particular year are invalid or unreliable, as a result of measurement-related factors such as changing to a newer test edition; or
- Other administrative guidelines set forth by the state apply.



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^aChapter 1 evaluation rules require "plans of improvement" from buildings experiencing gains of three NCE units or less in one or more skill/ subject areas across all grades served. This requirement may not be necessary if:

REFERENCES

CTB/McGraw-Hill (1993). California Achievement Tests, Fifth Flition (CAT-5). CTB: Monterey, California.

